UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DISTRICT OF NORTH DAKOTA

| In re: | Jointly Administered | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| EPIC Companies Midwest, LLC, EPIC Companies Midwest 2023, LLC, EPIC Employee, LLC, EOLA Capital, LLC, and EC West Fargo, LLC, | Bankruptcy No. 24-30281 Bankruptcy No. 24-30282 Bankruptcy No. 24-30283 Bankruptcy No. 24-30284 Bankruptcy No. 24-30285 | | | | |
| Debtors. | Chapter 11 | | | | |
| EPIC Companies Midwest, LLC, EPIC Companies Midwest 2023, LLC, and EOLA Capital, LLC, Plaintiffs, v. | Adversary No | | | | |
| EPIC Holdings II, LLC, | | | | | |
| Defendant. | | | | | |
| COMPLAINT | | | | | |

COMPLAINT

Plaintiffs, EPIC Companies Midwest, LLC, EPIC Companies Midwest 2023, LLC, and EOLA Capital, LLC (collectively, the "<u>Plaintiffs</u>"), for their Complaint against Defendant, EPIC Holdings II, LLC (the "<u>Defendant</u>"), state and allege as follows:

PARTIES

1. EPIC Companies Midwest, LLC ("EPIC Midwest") is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the State of North Dakota and was formed on or around

November 19, 2018. Its principal place of business was located at 400 10th Street SE, Minot, North Dakota, 58701. ¹

- 2. EPIC Companies Midwest 2023, LLC ("EPIC Midwest 2023") is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the State of North Dakota and was formed on or around August 15, 2022. Its principal place of business was located at 400 10th Street SE, Minot, North Dakota, 58701.
- 3. EOLA Capital, LLC ("<u>EOLA</u>") is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the State of North Dakota and was formed on or around February 8, 2022. Its principal place of business was located at 400 10th Street SE, Minot, North Dakota, 58701.
- 4. The Defendant is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the State of North Dakota and was formed on or around August 20, 2020. Its principal place of business is located at 400 10th Street SE, Minot, North Dakota, 58701.
 - 5. The Defendant owes funds to the Plaintiffs pursuant to certain loan transactions.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 6. The Plaintiffs filed voluntary petitions for relief under Chapter 11 of Title 11 of the United States Code (the "<u>Bankruptcy Code</u>") on July 8, 2024 (the "<u>Petition Date</u>"). The bankruptcy cases are currently pending before this Court.
- 7. This Court has jurisdiction over this adversary proceeding under 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334. This is a core proceeding under 28 U.S.C. § 157(b).
 - 8. Venue is proper under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.

¹ As of October 10, 2024, all the Plaintiffs' principal addresses changed to 900 Long Lake Road, Suite 180, c/o Lighthouse Management Group, Inc., New Brighton, Minnesota 55112-6455.

- 9. The Plaintiffs consent to the entry of final orders and judgment by this Court pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7008.
 - 10. This Complaint is filed under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7001.
- 11. The Plaintiffs are properly joined in this adversary proceeding under Fed. R. Civ. P. 20(a)(1), as incorporated by Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7020, as their claims arise out of the same transaction, occurrence, or series of transactions or occurrences and the claims involve common questions of law or fact.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

I. PLAINTIFFS' GENERAL STRUCTURE AND PURPOSE.

- 12. The Plaintiffs are part of a series of affiliated companies known collectively as "EPIC Companies."
- 13. EPIC Companies generally consist of the Plaintiffs, certain real estate holding entities, certain service-providing companies (i.e., property management and construction), and other companies involved in hospitality, restaurant, entertainment, and similar industries. All of them are affiliated with certain individuals who structured, organized, and sponsored this business activity, including Todd Berning.
- 14. Each of the Plaintiffs were formed for the alleged purpose of providing funds to various real estate development projects throughout the State of North Dakota, each of which was developed and managed by subsidiaries of EPIC Companies (the "Project Companies").
- 15. On information and belief, each of the Project Companies is a "single purpose entity," meaning that each holds one real estate development project.
- 16. Based on records reviewed to date, each of the Project Companies appears to have a different ownership group.

- 17. Many of the Project Companies have borrowed money from banks for the construction of the real estate projects at issue, and those banks generally have senior secured positions on the real estate owned by each of the Project Companies.
- 18. The Plaintiffs typically provided funds in the form of "subordinated debt" to each of the Project Companies (the "Sub Debt"). The Sub Debt would be junior to any bank debt but superior to the equity holders in each of the Project Companies.
- 19. With funds received by the Plaintiffs from certain individual investors, the Plaintiffs made loans to the Project Companies.
- 20. Most loans by the Plaintiffs to the Project Companies are documented by promissory notes but, on information and belief, some may be reflected solely in accounting records.
- 21. The majority of the Sub Debt required the Project Companies to make monthly installment payments to the Plaintiffs and a final balloon payment on the applicable maturity date.
- 22. On information and belief, the Defendant holds an interest in multiple real estate development projects in the States of North Dakota and Minnesota, including certain of the Project Companies.

II. TRANSFERS TO THE DEFENDANT FROM EPIC MIDWEST.

23. Between February 1, 2021 and August 1, 2022, Debtor EPIC Midwest and the Defendant entered into various promissory notes with the following balances as of November 30, 2024:

| Promissory Notes Between EPIC Midwest and Defendant | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|----------|--------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--|
| Date | Original | Principal | Interest | Interest | Interest | Late Fees | Total Amount | |
| | Principal | Paid | Rate | Paid | Past Due | | Due | |
| 2/1/21 | \$110,000 | \$90,000 | 6.5% | \$12,512.37 | \$758.31 | \$830.33 | \$21,588.64 | |
| 4/1/21 | \$525,000 | \$0.00 | 6.5% | \$105,218.75 | \$19,906.25 | \$21,796.25 | \$566,702.50 | |
| 6/1/21 | \$50,000 | \$0.00 | 6.5% | \$9,479.05 | \$1,895.81 | \$2,075.83 | \$53,971.64 | |
| 8/12/21 | \$500,000 | \$0.00 | 6.5% | \$89,374.89 | \$18,958.31 | \$20,758.33 | \$539,716.64 | |
| 9/1/21 | \$150,000 | \$0.00 | 6.5% | \$26,000 | \$5,687.50 | \$6,227.50 | \$161,915 | |

| Promissory Notes Between EPIC Midwest and Defendant | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|--------------|------|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|--|
| Date | Original | Total Amount | | | | | | |
| | Principal | Paid | Rate | Paid | Past Due | | Due | |
| 2/1/22 | \$50,000 | \$0.00 | 6.5% | \$7,583.24 | \$1,895.81 | \$2,075.83 | \$53,971.64 | |
| 5/1/22 | \$175,000 | \$0.00 | 6.5% | \$24,645.92 | \$6,635.44 | \$7,265.42 | \$188,900.86 | |
| 8/1/22 | \$400,000 | \$0.00 | 6.5% | \$43,832.03 | \$15,166.69 | \$16,606.67 | \$431,773.36 | |
| | | | | | | | \$2,018,540.28 | |

(the "EPIC Midwest Notes.")

- 24. The EPIC Midwest Notes mature between April 30, 2024 and August 1, 2025. Interest accrues at the rates shown above and the standard late fee is \$0.04 per \$1.00.
- 25. Pursuant to the EPIC Midwest Notes, EPIC Midwest offered to loan up to \$1,960,000 to the Defendant under certain terms and conditions and the Defendant accepted the respective offers. The EPIC Midwest Notes are unsecured.
- 26. Between February 3, 2021 and August 24, 2022, and pursuant to the EPIC Midwest Notes, EPIC Midwest transferred a total of \$1,960,000 to or for the benefit of the Defendant:

| Date | Amount |
|---------|-------------|
| 2/3/21 | \$110,000 |
| 4/1/21 | \$525,000 |
| 6/3/21 | \$50,000 |
| 8/12/21 | \$500,000 |
| 9/23/21 | \$150,000 |
| 1/28/22 | \$50,000 |
| 4/21/22 | \$175,000 |
| 8/24/22 | \$400,000 |
| | \$1,960,000 |

(the "EPIC Midwest Transfers").

- 27. Under the terms of the EPIC Midwest Notes, the Defendant was required to make monthly payments to EPIC Midwest in the form of interest.
- 28. The failure to make payments to EPIC Midwest as and when such payments were due constitutes a default under the terms of the EPIC Midwest Notes.

- 29. Between February 28, 2021 and April 30, 2024, the Defendant paid EPIC Midwest \$90,000 in principal and \$318,646.25 in interest for a total of \$408,646.25.
- 30. After April 30, 2024, the Defendant ceased making payments to EPIC Midwest and defaulted under the EPIC Midwest Notes.
- 31. Therefore, all amounts owed to EPIC Midwest by the Defendant became immediately due and payable.
- 32. As of November 30, 2024, the Defendant owes EPIC Midwest a total of at least \$2,018,540.28, which consists of \$1,870,000 of principal, \$70,904.12 of interest, and \$77,636.16 of late fees, with interest and fees continuing to accrue.
- 33. Before, during, and after the period of February 1, 2021 to August 24, 2022, EPIC Midwest had creditors, including various individual investors.
- 34. On June 11, 2024, EPIC Midwest's board of directors appointed Lighthouse Management Group, Inc. ("Lighthouse") as its Chief Restructuring Officer.
- 35. Lighthouse has reviewed EPIC Midwest's general ledger, bank statements, and financial reports from January 2019 through June 2024. These financial records indicate that between February 1, 2021 and August 24, 2022, and at all relevant times between entry into the EPIC Midwest Notes and the EPIC Midwest Transfers to the Defendant, EPIC Midwest was engaged or was about to engage in a business or a transaction for which the remaining assets of EPIC Midwest were unreasonably small in relation to the business or transaction or EPIC Midwest intended to incur, or believed or reasonably should have believed that it would incur, debts beyond its ability to pay as the debts became due.
- 36. Based on the financial records identified above and reviewed by Lighthouse, between February 1, 2021 and August 24, 2022, and at all relevant times between entry into the

EPIC Midwest Notes and the EPIC Midwest Transfers to the Defendant, EPIC Midwest was insolvent or became insolvent thereafter.

III. TRANSFERS TO THE DEFENDANT FROM EPIC MIDWEST 2023.

37. Between June 1, 2023 and May 1, 2024, Debtor EPIC Midwest 2023 and the Defendant entered into various promissory notes with the following balances as of November 30, 2024:

| Promissory Notes Between EPIC Midwest 2023 and Defendant | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|----------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|--|
| Date | Original | Principal | Interest | Interest | Interest | Late Fees | Total Amount | |
| | Principal | Paid | Rate | Paid | Past Due | | Due | |
| 6/1/23 | \$232,750 | \$0.00 | 8.0% | \$18,620.04 | \$9,310.02 | \$9,682.40 | \$251,742.42 | |
| 8/1/23 | \$25,000 | \$0.00 | 8.0% | \$1,666.70 | \$1,000.02 | \$1,040 | \$27,040.02 | |
| 9/1/23 | \$50,000 | \$0.00 | 8.0% | \$2,999.97 | \$1,999.98 | \$2,080 | \$54,079.98 | |
| 1/1/24 | \$15,000 | \$0.00 | 8.0% | \$500.00 | \$600.00 | \$624.00 | \$16,224 | |
| 2/1/24 | \$30,000 | \$0.00 | 8.0% | \$800.00 | \$1,200 | \$1,248 | \$32,448 | |
| 3/1/24 | \$15,000 | \$0.00 | 8.0% | \$300.00 | \$600.00 | \$624.00 | \$16,224 | |
| 4/1/24 | \$30,000 | \$0.00 | 8.0% | \$400.00 | \$1,200 | \$1,248 | \$32,448 | |
| 5/1/24 | \$15,000 | \$0.00 | 8.0% | \$0.00 | \$700.00 | \$628.00 | \$16,328 | |
| | | | | | | | \$446,534.42 | |

(the "EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes").

- 38. The EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes mature between June 1, 2026 and May 1, 2027. Interest accrues at the rates shown above and the standard late fee is \$0.04 per \$1.00.
- 39. Pursuant to the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes, EPIC Midwest 2023 offered to loan up to \$412,750 to the Defendant under certain terms and conditions and the Defendant accepted the respective officers. The EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes are unsecured.
- 40. Between May 26, 2023 and May 1, 2024, and pursuant to the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes, EPIC Midwest 2023 transferred a total of \$412,750 to or for the benefit of the Defendant:

| Date | Amount |
|----------|-----------|
| 5/26/23 | \$232,750 |
| 7/27/23 | \$25,000 |
| 8/31/23 | \$50,000 |
| 12/22/23 | \$15,000 |
| 1/26/24 | \$30,000 |
| 2/28/24 | \$15,000 |

| Date | Amount |
|---------|-----------|
| 3/27/24 | \$30,000 |
| 5/1/24 | \$15,000 |
| | \$412,750 |

(the "EPIC Midwest 2023 Transfers").

- 41. Under the terms of the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes, the Defendant was required to make monthly payments to EPIC Midwest 2023 in the form of interest.
- 42. The failure to make payments to EPIC Midwest 2023 as and when such payments were due constitutes a default under the terms of the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes.
- 43. Between June 30, 2023 and May 31, 2024, the Defendant paid EPIC Midwest 2023 a total of \$25,286.71 in interest.
- 44. After May 31, 2024, the Defendant ceased making payments to EPIC Midwest 2023 and defaulted under the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes.
- 45. Therefore, all amounts owed to EPIC Midwest 2023 by the Defendant became immediately due and payable.
- 46. As of November 30, 2024, the Defendant owes EPIC Midwest 2023 a total of at least \$446,534.42, which consists of \$412,750 of principal, \$16,610.02 of interest, and \$17,174.40 of late fees, with interest and fees continuing to accrue.
- 47. Before, during, and after the period of May 26, 2023 to May 1, 2024, EPIC Midwest 2023 had creditors, including various individual investors.
- 48. On June 11, 2024, EPIC Midwest 2023's board of directors appointed Lighthouse as its Chief Restructuring Officer.
- 49. Lighthouse has reviewed EPIC Midwest 2023's general ledger, bank statements, and financial reports from January 2019 through June 2024. These financial records indicate that

between May 26, 2023 and May 1, 2024, and at all relevant times between entry into the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes and the EPIC Midwest 2023 Transfers to the Defendant, EPIC Midwest 2023 was engaged or was about to engage in a business or a transaction for which the remaining assets of EPIC Midwest 2023 were unreasonably small in relation to the business or transaction or EPIC Midwest 2023 intended to incur, or believed or reasonably should have believed that it would incur, debts beyond its ability to pay as the debts became due.

50. Based on the financial records identified above and reviewed by Lighthouse, between May 26, 2023 and May 1, 2024, and at all relevant times between entry into the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes and the EPIC Midwest 2023 Transfers to the Defendant, EPIC Midwest 2023 was insolvent or became insolvent thereafter.

IV. TRANSFERS TO THE DEFENDANT FROM EOLA.

51. On May 1, 2024, Debtor EOLA and the Defendant entered into a promissory note with the following balance as of November 30, 2024:

| Lender | Date | Original | Principal | Interest | Interest | Late Fees | Total Amount |
|--------|--------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|---------------------|
| | | Principal | Paid | Paid | Past Due | | Due |
| EOLA | 5/1/24 | \$150,000 | \$0.00 | \$1,062.50 | \$5,312.50 | \$6,212.50 | \$161,525 |
| | | | | | | | \$161,525 |

(the "EOLA Note," and together with the EPIC Midwest Notes and the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes, the "Notes").

- 52. The EOLA Note matures on May 1, 2027. Interest accrues at a rate of 8.5% and the standard late fee is \$0.04 per \$1.00
- 53. Pursuant to the EOLA Note, EOLA offered to loan \$150,000 to the Defendant under certain terms and conditions and the Defendant accepted that offer. The EOLA Note is unsecured.

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- 54. On April 24, 2024, and pursuant to the EOLA Note, EOLA transferred a total of \$150,000 to or for the benefit of the Defendant (the "EOLA Transfer").
- 55. Under the terms of the EOLA Note, the Defendant was required to make monthly payments to EOLA in the form of interest.
- 56. The failure to make payments to EOLA as and when such payments were due constitutes a default under the terms of the EOLA Note.
 - 57. As of May 31, 2024, the Defendant only paid EOLA a total of \$1,062.50 in interest.
- 58. After May 31,2024, the Defendant ceased making payments to EOLA and defaulted under the EOLA Note.
- 59. Therefore, all amounts owed to EOLA by the Defendant became immediately due and payable.
- 60. As of November 30, 2024, the Defendant owes EOLA a total of at least \$161,525, which consists of \$150,000 of principal, \$5,312.50 of interest, and \$6,212.50 of late fees, with interest and fees continuing to accrue.
- 61. Before, during, and after the period of April 24, 2024 to May 1, 2024, EOLA had creditors, including various individual investors.
- 62. On June 11, 2024, EOLA's board of directors appointed Lighthouse as its Chief Restructuring Officer.
- 63. Lighthouse has reviewed EOLA's general ledger, bank statements, and financial reports from January 2019 through June 2024. These financial records indicate that between April 24, 2024 and May 1, 2024, and at all relevant times between entry into the EOLA Note and the EOLA Transfer to the Defendant, EOLA was engaged or was about to engage in a business or a transaction for which the remaining assets of EOLA were unreasonably small in relation to the

business or transaction or EOLA intended to incur, or believed or reasonably should have believed that it would incur, debts beyond its ability to pay as the debts became due.

64. Based on the financial records identified above and reviewed by Lighthouse, between April 24, 2024 and May 1, 2024, and at all relevant times between entry into the EOLA Note and the EOLA Transfer to the Defendant, EOLA was insolvent or became insolvent thereafter.

V. PRIOR DEMAND FOR AMOUNTS OWED.

- 65. On August 1, 2024, the Plaintiffs caused a demand letter to be sent on their behalf to the Defendant demanding the amounts owed to the Plaintiffs under the Notes.
 - 66. As of the date of this Complaint, the Defendant has failed to pay the Plaintiffs.
- 67. The Plaintiffs continue to be harmed by the Defendant's failure to pay the outstanding amounts owed by the Defendant to the Plaintiffs.
- 68. The Plaintiffs are still in the process of tracing all of their transfers to the various Project Companies. To the extent the Defendant further transferred funds to Project Companies, the Plaintiffs expressly reserve the right to pursue additional claims against the Defendant and any subsequent transferees, including, but not limited to, claims under Chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code.

COUNT I BREACH OF CONTRACT (EPIC Midwest v. Defendant)

- 69. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
- 70. Between February 1, 2021 and August 1, 2022, EPIC Midwest and the Defendant entered into the EPIC Midwest Notes.

- 71. Under the terms of the EPIC Midwest Notes, EPIC Midwest agreed to provide the Defendant a total of \$1,960,000; in exchange, the Defendant agreed to make regular monthly payments to EPIC Midwest.
- 72. Between February 3, 2021 and August 24, 2022, and pursuant to the EPIC Midwest Notes, EPIC Midwest transferred a total of \$1,960,000 to or for the benefit of the Defendant.
- 73. On or around April 30, 2024, the Defendant ceased making payments to EPIC Midwest as required by the EPIC Midwest Notes.
- 74. The Defendant's failure to make monthly payments to EPIC Midwest constitutes a breach of the EPIC Midwest Notes.
- 75. Due to the Defendant's breach of the EPIC Midwest Notes, EPIC Midwest has been damaged in the amount of at least \$2,018,540.28, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law and the EPIC Midwest Notes.

COUNT II BREACH OF CONTRACT (EPIC Midwest 2023 v. Defendant)

- 76. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
- 77. Between June 1, 2023 and May 1, 2024, EPIC Midwest 2023 and the Defendant entered into the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes.
- 78. Under the terms of the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes, EPIC Midwest 2023 agreed to provide the Defendant a total of 412,750; in exchange, the Defendant agreed to make regular monthly payments to EPIC Midwest 2023.
- 79. Between May 26, 2023 and May 1, 2024, and pursuant to the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes, EPIC Midwest 2023 transferred a total of \$412,750 to or for the benefit of the Defendant.

- 80. On or around May 31, 2024, the Defendant ceased making payments to EPIC Midwest 2023 as required by the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes.
- 81. The Defendant's failure to make monthly payments to EPIC Midwest 2023 constitutes a breach of the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes.
- 82. Due to the Defendant's breach of the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes, EPIC Midwest 2023 has been damaged in the amount of at least \$446,534.42, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law and the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes.

COUNT III BREACH OF CONTRACT (EOLA v. Defendant)

- 83. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
 - 84. On May 1, 2024, EOLA and the Defendant entered into the EOLA Note.
- 85. Under the terms of the EOLA Note, EOLA agreed to provide the Defendant a total of \$150,000; in exchange, the Defendant agreed to make regular monthly payments to EOLA.
- 86. On April 24, 2024, and pursuant to the EOLA Note, EOLA transferred a total of \$150,000 to or for the benefit of the Defendant.
- 87. On or around May 31, 2024, the Defendant ceased making payments to EOLA as required by the EOLA Note.
- 88. The Defendant's failure to make monthly payments to EOLA constitutes a breach of the EOLA Note.
- 89. Due to the Defendant's breach of the EOLA Note, EOLA has been damaged in the amount of at least \$161,525, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law and the EOLA Note.

COUNT IV UNJUST ENRICHMENT (EPIC Midwest v. Defendant)

- 90. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
- 91. EPIC Midwest conferred a benefit to Defendant by providing \$1,960,000 for use in the Defendant's real estate development projects.
 - 92. The Defendant knowingly accepted the \$1,960,000 from EPIC Midwest.
- 93. As the Defendant did not make the agreed upon monthly payments to EPIC Midwest, and ultimately only paid \$90,000 in principal to the Defendant, the Defendant is not entitled to the benefit of the full value of the \$1,960,000 from EPIC Midwest.
- 94. Under the circumstances, it would be unjust and inequitable to permit the Defendant to retain the benefit from its actions.
- 95. The amount of benefit wrongfully retained by the Defendant is in the amount of at least \$1,870,000, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law.

COUNT V UNJUST ENRICHMENT (EPIC Midwest 2023 v. Defendant)

- 96. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
- 97. EPIC Midwest 2023 conferred a benefit to Defendant by providing \$412,750 for use in the Defendant's real estate development projects.
 - 98. The Defendant knowingly accepted the \$412,750 from EPIC Midwest 2023.

- 99. As the Defendant did not make the agreed upon monthly payments to EPIC Midwest 2023, the Defendant is not entitled to the benefit of the full value of the \$412,750 from EPIC Midwest 2023.
- 100. Under the circumstances, it would be unjust and inequitable to permit the Defendant to retain the benefit from its actions.
- 101. The amount of benefit wrongfully retained by the Defendant is in the amount of at least \$412,750 plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law.

COUNT VI UNJUST ENRICHMENT (EOLA v. Defendant)

- 102. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
- 103. EOLA conferred a benefit to Defendant by providing \$150,000 for use in the Defendant's real estate development projects.
 - 104. The Defendant knowingly accepted the \$150,000 from EOLA.
- 105. As the Defendant did not make the agreed upon monthly payments to EOLA, the Defendant is not entitled to the benefit of the value of the \$150,000 from EOLA.
- 106. Under the circumstances, it would be unjust and inequitable to permit the Defendant to retain the benefit from its actions.
- 107. The amount of benefit wrongfully retained by the Defendant is in the amount of at least \$150,000, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law.

COUNT VII ACCOUNT STATED (EPIC Midwest v. Defendant)

- 108. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
 - 109. EPIC Midwest demanded payment of the Defendant's account with EPIC Midwest.
- 110. The Defendant did not substantively respond to the demand letter or dispute any amounts.
 - 111. The Defendant did not pay the amounts due and owing to EPIC Midwest.
- 112. As a result, EPIC Midwest has been damaged in the amount of at least \$2,018,540.28, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law.

COUNT VIII ACCOUNT STATED (EPIC Midwest 2023 v. Defendant)

- 113. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
- 114. EPIC Midwest 2023 demanded payment of the Defendant's account with EPIC Midwest 2023.
- 115. The Defendant did not substantively respond to the demand letter or dispute any amounts.
 - 116. The Defendant did not pay the amounts due and owing to EPIC Midwest 2023.
- 117. As a result, EPIC Midwest 2023 has been damaged in the amount of at least \$446,534.42, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law.

COUNT IX ACCOUNT STATED (EOLA v. Defendant)

- 118. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
 - 119. EOLA demanded payment of the Defendant's account with EOLA.
- 120. The Defendant did not substantively respond to the demand letter or dispute any amounts.
 - 121. The Defendant did not pay the amounts due and owing to EOLA.
- 122. As a result, EOLA has been damaged in the amount of at least \$161,525, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law.

COUNT X PROMISSORY ESTOPPEL (EPIC Midwest v. Defendant)

- 123. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
- 124. The Defendant promised it would make regular monthly payments to EPIC Midwest.
- 125. In reasonable reliance on those promises, EPIC Midwest loaned a total of \$1,960,000 to the Defendant.
- 126. EPIC Midwest was harmed by its reasonable reliance on the Defendant's promises, as EPIC Midwest loaned \$1,960,000 to the Defendant and was not fully repaid.
- 127. As a result, EPIC Midwest has been damaged in the amount of at least \$2,018,540.28, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law.

COUNT XI PROMISSORY ESTOPPEL (EPIC Midwest 2023 v. Defendant)

- 128. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
- 129. The Defendant promised it would make regular monthly payments to EPIC Midwest 2023.
- 130. In reasonable reliance on those promises, EPIC Midwest 2023 loaned a total of \$412,750 to the Defendant.
- 131. EPIC Midwest 2023 was harmed by its reasonable reliance on the Defendant's promises, as EPIC Midwest 2023 loaned \$412,750 to the Defendant and was not fully repaid.
- 132. As a result, EPIC Midwest 2023 has been damaged in the amount of at least \$446,534.42, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law.

COUNT XII PROMISSORY ESTOPPEL (EOLA v. Defendant)

- 133. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
 - 134. The Defendant promised it would make regular monthly payments to EOLA.
- 135. In reasonable reliance on those promises, EOLA loaned a total of \$150,000 to the Defendant.
- 136. EOLA was harmed by its reasonable reliance on the Defendant's promises, as EOLA loaned \$150,000 to the Defendant and was not fully repaid.
- 137. As a result, EOLA has been damaged in the amount of at least \$161,525, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law.

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COUNT XIII

AVOIDANCE AND RECOVERY OF FRAUDULENT TRANSFERS/OBLIGATIONS 11 U.S.C. §§ 548(a)(1)(B), 550(a) (EPIC Midwest v. Defendant)

- 138. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
- 139. EPIC Midwest entered into the \$400,000 August 1, 2022 note with the Defendant and made the \$400,000 August 24, 2022 transfer to the Defendant and received less than reasonably equivalent value in exchange. The Defendant did not provide EPIC Midwest with a security interest in any collateral and only paid \$43,832.03 to EPIC Midwest despite receiving \$400,000 from EPIC Midwest.
- 140. Lighthouse has reviewed EPIC Midwest's general ledger, bank statements, and financial reports from January 2019 through June 2024. These financial records indicate that between August 1, 2022 and August 24, 2022, and at all relevant times between entry into the \$400,000 note and the \$400,000 transfer to the Defendant, EPIC Midwest was engaged or was about to engage in a business or a transaction for which the remaining assets of EPIC Midwest were unreasonably small.
- 141. On information and belief, between August 1, 2022 and August 24, 2022, and at all relevant times between entry into the \$400,000 note and the \$400,000 transfer to the Defendant, EPIC Midwest intended to incur or believed it would incur debts beyond its ability to pay as the debts matured.
- 142. Based on the financial records identified above and reviewed by Lighthouse, between August 1, 2022 and August 24, 2022, and at all relevant times between entry into the \$400,000 note and the \$400,000 transfer to the Defendant, EPIC Midwest was insolvent or became insolvent as a result of the \$400,000 note and the \$400,000 transfer to the Defendant.

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- 143. The Defendant was a transferee or the beneficiary of the \$400,000 August 1, 2022 note and the \$400,000 August 24, 2022 transfer.
- 144. Based on the foregoing, \$400,000 August 1, 2022 note and the \$400,000 August 24, 2022 transfer to the Defendant, all of which occurred within two years before the Petition Date, are avoidable, and should be avoided, as fraudulent transfers or obligations pursuant to 11 U.S.C. \$548(a)(1)(B).
- 145. Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 550(a), EPIC Midwest may recover such fraudulent transfers or obligations from the Defendant in an amount to be determined at trial, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law.

COUNT XIV

AVOIDANCE AND RECOVERY OF FRAUDULENT TRANSFERS/OBLIGATIONS N.D. Cent. Code §§ 13-02.1-04(1)(b), 13-.02.1-07, 13-02.1-08(2) and 11 U.S.C. §§ 544(b) and 550(a) (EPIC Midwest v. Defendant)

- 146. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
- 147. EPIC Midwest entered into the EPIC Midwest Notes with the Defendant and made the EPIC Midwest Transfers to the Defendant and received less than reasonably equivalent value in exchange. The Defendant did not provide EPIC Midwest with a security interest in any collateral and eventually only paid \$408,646.25 to EPIC Midwest despite receiving \$1,960,000 from EPIC Midwest.
- 148. Before, during, and after the period of February 1, 2021 to August 24, 2022, EPIC Midwest had creditors, including various individual investors.
- 149. Lighthouse has reviewed EPIC Midwest's general ledger, bank statements, and financial reports from January 2019 through June 2024. These financial records indicate that

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between February 1, 2021 and August 24, 2022, and at all relevant times between entry into the EPIC Midwest Notes and the EPIC Midwest Transfers to the Defendant, EPIC Midwest was engaged or was about to engage in a business or a transaction for which the remaining assets of EPIC Midwest were unreasonably small in relation to the business or transaction or EPIC Midwest intended to incur, or believed or reasonably should have believed that it would incur, debts beyond its ability to pay as the debts became due.

- 150. The Defendant was a transferee or the beneficiary of the EPIC Midwest Notes and the EPIC Midwest Transfers.
- 151. Based on the foregoing, the EPIC Midwest Notes and the EPIC Midwest Transfers are avoidable, and should be avoided, as fraudulent transfers or obligations pursuant to N.D. Cent. Code §§ 13-02.1-04(1)(b), 13-.02.1-07, 13-02.1-08(2) and 11 U.S.C. § 544(b).
- 152. Pursuant to N.D. Cent. Code §§ 13-02.1-04(1)(b), 13-.02.1-07, 13-02.1-08(2) and 11 U.S.C. §§ 544(b) and 550(a), EPIC Midwest may recover such fraudulent transfers or obligations from the Defendant in an amount to be determined at trial, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law.

COUNT XV

AVOIDANCE AND RECOVERY OF FRAUDULENT TRANSFERS/OBLIGATIONS N.D. Cent. Code §§ 13-02.1-05(1), 13-.02.1-07, 13-02.1-08(2) and 11 U.S.C. §§ 544(b) and 550(a)

(EPIC Midwest v. Defendant)

- 153. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
- 154. EPIC Midwest entered into the EPIC Midwest Notes with the Defendant and made the EPIC Midwest Transfers to the Defendant and received less than reasonably equivalent value in exchange. The Defendant did not provide EPIC Midwest with a security interest in any collateral

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and eventually only paid \$408,646.25 to EPIC Midwest despite receiving \$1,960,000 from EPIC Midwest.

- 155. Before and during the period of February 1, 2021 to August 24, 2022, EPIC Midwest had creditors, including various individual investors.
- 156. Lighthouse has reviewed EPIC Midwest's general ledger, bank statements, and financial reports from January 2019 through June 2024. These financial records indicate that between February 1, 2021 and August 24, 2022, and at all relevant times between entry into the EPIC Midwest Notes and the EPIC Midwest Transfers to the Defendant, EPIC Midwest was insolvent or became insolvent thereafter.
- 157. The Defendant was a transferee or the beneficiary of the EPIC Midwest Notes and the EPIC Midwest Transfers.
- 158. Based on the foregoing, the EPIC Midwest Notes and the EPIC Midwest Transfers are avoidable, and should be avoided, as fraudulent transfers or obligations pursuant to N.D. Cent. Code §§ 13-02.1-05(1), 13-.02.1-07, 13-02.1-08(2) and 11 U.S.C. § 544(b).
- 159. Pursuant to N.D. Cent. Code §§ 13-02.1-05(1), 13-.02.1-07, 13-02.1-08(2) and 11 U.S.C. §§ 544(b) and 550(a), EPIC Midwest may recover such fraudulent transfers or obligations from the Defendant in an amount to be determined at trial, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law.

COUNT XVI AVOIDANCE AND RECOVERY OF FRAUDULENT TRANSFERS/OBLIGATIONS 11 U.S.C. §§ 548(a)(1)(B), 550(a) (EPIC Midwest 2023 v. Defendant)

160. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.

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- 161. EPIC Midwest 2023 entered into the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes with the Defendant and made the EPIC Midwest 2023 Transfers to the Defendant and received less than reasonably equivalent value in exchange. The Defendant did not provide EPIC Midwest 2023 with a security interest in any collateral and only paid \$25,286.71 to EPIC Midwest 2023 despite receiving \$412,750 from EPIC Midwest 2023.
- 162. Lighthouse has reviewed EPIC Midwest 2023's general ledger, bank statements, and financial reports from January 2019 through June 2024. These financial records indicate that between May 26, 2023 and May 1, 2024, and at all relevant times between entry into the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes and the EPIC Midwest 2023 Transfers to the Defendant, EPIC Midwest 2023 was engaged or was about to engage in a business or a transaction for which the remaining assets of EPIC Midwest 2023 were unreasonably small.
- 163. On information and belief, between May 26, 2023 and May 1, 2024, and at all relevant times between entry into the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes and the EPIC Midwest 2023 Transfers to the Defendant, EPIC Midwest 2023 intended to incur or believed it would incur debts beyond its ability to pay as the debts matured.
- 164. Based on the financial records identified above and reviewed by Lighthouse, between May 26, 2023 and May 1, 2024, and at all relevant times between entry into the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes and the EPIC Midwest 2023 Transfers to the Defendant, EPIC Midwest 2023 was insolvent or became insolvent as a result of the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes and the EPIC Midwest 2023 Transfers.
- 165. The Defendant was a transferee or the beneficiary of the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes and the EPIC Midwest 2023 Transfers.

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- 166. Based on the foregoing, the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes and the EPIC Midwest 2023 Transfers, all of which occurred within two years before the Petition Date, are avoidable, and should be avoided, as fraudulent transfers or obligations pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 548(a)(1)(B).
- 167. Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 550(a), EPIC Midwest 2023 may recover such fraudulent transfers or obligations from the Defendant in an amount to be determined at trial, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law.

COUNT XVII

AVOIDANCE AND RECOVERY OF FRAUDULENT TRANSFERS/OBLIGATIONS N.D. Cent. Code §§ 13-02.1-04(1)(b), 13-.02.1-07, 13-02.1-08(2) and 11 U.S.C. §§ 544(b) and 550(a)

(EPIC Midwest 2023 v. Defendant)

- 168. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
- 169. EPIC Midwest 2023 entered into the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes with the Defendant and made the EPIC Midwest 2023 Transfers to the Defendant and received less than reasonably equivalent value in exchange. The Defendant did not provide EPIC Midwest 2023 with a security interest in any collateral and eventually only paid \$25,286.71 to EPIC Midwest 2023 despite receiving \$412,750 from EPIC Midwest 2023.
- 170. Before, during, and after the period of May 26, 2023 to May 1, 2024, EPIC Midwest 2023 had creditors, including various individual investors.
- 171. Lighthouse has reviewed EPIC Midwest 2023's general ledger, bank statements, and financial reports from January 2019 through June 2024. These financial records indicate that between May 26, 2023 and May 1, 2024, and at all relevant times between entry into the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes and the EPIC Midwest 2023 Transfers to the Defendant, EPIC Midwest 2023 was engaged or was about to engage in a business or a transaction for which the remaining assets

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of EPIC Midwest 2023 were unreasonably small in relation to the business or transaction or EPIC Midwest 2023 intended to incur, or believed or reasonably should have believed that it would incur, debts beyond its ability to pay as the debts became due.

- 172. The Defendant was a transferee or the beneficiary of the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes and the EPIC Midwest 2023 Transfers.
- Based on the foregoing, the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes and the EPIC Midwest 2023 173. Transfers are avoidable, and should be avoided, as fraudulent transfers or obligations pursuant to N.D. Cent. Code §§ 13-02.1-04(1)(b), 13-.02.1-07, 13-02.1-08(2) and 11 U.S.C. § 544(b).
- 174. Pursuant to N.D. Cent. Code §§ 13-02.1-04(1)(b), 13-.02.1-07, 13-02.1-08(2) and 11 U.S.C. §§ 544(b) and 550(a), EPIC Midwest 2023 may recover such fraudulent transfers or obligations from the Defendant in an amount to be determined at trial, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law.

COUNT XVIII

AVOIDANCE AND RECOVERY OF FRAUDULENT TRANSFERS/OBLIGATIONS N.D. Cent. Code §§ 13-02.1-05(1), 13-.02.1-07, 13-02.1-08(2) and 11 U.S.C. §§ 544(b) and 550(a)

(EPIC Midwest 2023 v. Defendant)

- The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if 175. set forth fully herein.
- EPIC Midwest 2023 entered into the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes with the Defendant 176. and made the EPIC Midwest 2023 Transfers to the Defendant and received less than reasonably equivalent value in exchange. The Defendant did not provide EPIC Midwest 2023 with a security interest in any collateral and eventually only paid \$25,286.71 to EPIC Midwest 2023 despite receiving \$412,750 from EPIC Midwest 2023.

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- 177. Before and during the period of May 26, 2023 to May 1, 2024, EPIC Midwest 2023 had creditors, including various individual investors.
- 178. Lighthouse has reviewed EPIC Midwest 2023's general ledger, bank statements, and financial reports from January 2019 through June 2024. These financial records indicate that between May 26, 2023 to May 1, 2024, and at all relevant times between entry into the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes and the EPIC Midwest 2023 Transfers to the Defendant, EPIC Midwest 2023 was insolvent or became insolvent thereafter.
- 179. The Defendant was a transferee or the beneficiary of the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes and the EPIC Midwest 2023 Transfers.
- 180. Based on the foregoing, the EPIC Midwest 2023 Notes and the EPIC Midwest 2023 Transfers are avoidable, and should be avoided, as fraudulent transfers or obligations pursuant to N.D. Cent. Code §§ 13-02.1-05(1), 13-.02.1-07, 13-02.1-08(2) and 11 U.S.C. § 544(b).
- 181. Pursuant to N.D. Cent. Code §§ 13-02.1-05(1), 13-.02.1-07, 13-02.1-08(2) and 11 U.S.C. §§ 544(b) and 550(a), EPIC Midwest 2023 may recover such fraudulent transfers or obligations from the Defendant in an amount to be determined at trial, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law.

COUNT XIX AVOIDANCE AND RECOVERY OF FRAUDULENT TRANSFERS/OBLIGATIONS 11 U.S.C. §§ 548(a)(1)(B), 550(a) (EOLA v. Defendant)

- 182. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
- 183. EOLA entered into the EOLA Note with the Defendant and made the EOLA Transfer to the Defendant and received less than reasonably equivalent value in exchange. The

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Defendant did not provide EOLA with a security interest in any collateral and eventually only paid \$1,062.50 to EOLA despite receiving \$150,000 from EOLA.

- 184. Lighthouse has reviewed EOLA's general ledger, bank statements, and financial reports from January 2019 through June 2024. These financial records indicate that between April 24, 2024 and May 1, 2024, and at all relevant times between entry into the EOLA Note and the EOLA Transfer to the Defendant, EOLA was engaged or was about to engage in a business or a transaction for which the remaining assets of EOLA were unreasonably small.
- 185. On information and belief, between April 24, 2024 and May 1, 2024, and at all relevant times between entry into the EOLA Note and the EOLA Transfer to the Defendant, EOLA intended to incur or believed it would incur debts beyond its ability to pay as the debts matured.
- 186. Based on the financial records identified above and reviewed by Lighthouse, between April 24, 2024 and May 1, 2024, and at all relevant times between entry into the EOLA Note and the EOLA Transfer to the Defendant, EOLA was insolvent or became insolvent as a result of the EOLA Note and the EOLA Transfer.
- 187. The Defendant was a transferee or the beneficiary of the EOLA Note and the EOLA Transfer.
- 188. Based on the foregoing, the EOLA Note and the EOLA Transfer, all of which occurred within two years before the Petition Date, are avoidable, and should be avoided, as fraudulent transfers or obligations pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 548(a)(1)(B).
- 189. Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 550(a), EOLA may recover such fraudulent transfers or obligations from the Defendant in an amount to be determined at trial, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law.

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COUNT XX

AVOIDANCE AND RECOVERY OF FRAUDULENT TRANSFERS/OBLIGATIONS N.D. Cent. Code §§ 13-02.1-04(1)(b), 13-.02.1-07, 13-02.1-08(2) and 11 U.S.C. §§ 544(b) and 550(a) (EOLA v. Defendant)

- 190. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
- 191. EOLA entered into the EOLA Note with the Defendant and made the EOLA Transfer to the Defendant and received less than reasonably equivalent value in exchange. The Defendant did not provide EOLA with a security interest in any collateral and eventually only paid \$1,062.50 to EOLA despite receiving \$150,000 from EOLA.
- 192. Before, during, and after the period of April 24, 2024 to May 1, 2024, EOLA had creditors, including various individual investors.
- 193. Lighthouse has reviewed EOLA's general ledger, bank statements, and financial reports from January 2019 through June 2024. These financial records indicate that between April 24, 2024 and May 1, 2024, and at all relevant times between entry into the EOLA Note and the EOLA Transfer to the Defendant, EOLA was engaged or was about to engage in a business or a transaction for which the remaining assets of EOLA were unreasonably small in relation to the business or transaction or EOLA intended to incur, or believed or reasonably should have believed that it would incur, debts beyond its ability to pay as the debts became due.
- 194. The Defendant was a transferee or the beneficiary of the EOLA Note and the EOLA Transfer.
- 195. Based on the foregoing, the EOLA Note and the EOLA Transfer are avoidable, and should be avoided, as fraudulent transfers or obligations pursuant to N.D. Cent. Code §§ 13-02.1-04(1)(b), 13-.02.1-07, 13-02.1-08(2) and 11 U.S.C. § 544(b).

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196. Pursuant to N.D. Cent. Code §§ 13-02.1-04(1)(b), 13-.02.1-07, 13-02.1-08(2) and 11 U.S.C. §§ 544(b) and 550(a), EOLA may recover such fraudulent transfers or obligations from the Defendant in an amount to be determined at trial, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law.

COUNT XXI

AVOIDANCE AND RECOVERY OF FRAUDULENT TRANSFERS/OBLIGATIONS N.D. Cent. Code §§ 13-02.1-05(1), 13-.02.1-07, 13-02.1-08(2) and 11 U.S.C. §§ 544(b) and 550(a) (EOLA v. Defendant)

- 197. The Plaintiffs restate and reallege the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth fully herein.
- 198. EOLA entered into the EOLA Note with the Defendant and made the EOLA Transfer to the Defendant and received less than reasonably equivalent value in exchange. The Defendant did not provide EOLA with a security interest in any collateral and eventually only paid \$1,062.50 to EOLA despite receiving \$150,000 from EOLA.
- 199. Before and during the period of April 24, 2024 to May 1, 2024, EOLA had creditors, including various individual investors.
- 200. Lighthouse has reviewed EOLA's general ledger, bank statements, and financial reports from January 2019 through June 2024. These financial records indicate that between April 24, 2024 and May 1, 2024, and at all relevant times between entry into the EOLA Note and the EOLA Transfer to the Defendant, EOLA was insolvent or became insolvent thereafter.
- 201. The Defendant was a transferee or the beneficiary of the EOLA Note and the EOLA Transfer.

- 202. Based on the foregoing, the EOLA Note and the EOLA Transfer are avoidable, and should be avoided, as fraudulent transfers or obligations pursuant to N.D. Cent. Code §§ 13-02.1-05(1), 13-.02.1-07, 13-02.1-08(2) and 11 U.S.C. § 544(b).
- 203. Pursuant to N.D. Cent. Code §§ 13-02.1-05(1), 13-.02.1-07, 13-02.1-08(2) and 11 U.S.C. §§ 544(b) and 550(a), EOLA may recover such fraudulent transfers or obligations from the Defendant in an amount to be determined at trial, plus interest and other fees and costs allowed by law.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiffs respectfully request that the Court grant the following relief:

- A. Enter judgment in favor of the Plaintiffs on their claims against the Defendant;
- B. Award the Plaintiffs their attorney's fees and costs for pursuing this action as allowed by applicable law and the above-described notes;
 - C. Grant such other relief that the Court deems just and equitable.

Dated: December 13, 2024

/e/ Steven R. Kinsella

Michael S. Raum (#05676)

FREDRIKSON & BYRON, P.A.

51 Broadway, Suite 400 Fargo, ND 58102-4991 701.237.8200 mraum@fredlaw.com

Steven R. Kinsella (#09514)

Katherine A. Nixon (pro hac vice, MN #0402772)

FREDRIKSON & BYRON, P.A.

60 South 6th Street, Suite 1500 Minneapolis, MN 55402-4400 612.492.7000

skinsella@fredlaw.com knixon@fredlaw.com

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFFS

AFFIDAVIT

I, Patrick Finn, am a Partner of Lighthouse Management Group, Inc., the Chief Restructuring Officer for EPIC Companies Midwest, LLC, EPIC Companies Midwest 2023, LLC, and EOLA Capital, LLC and I declare under penalty of perjury that the facts set forth in the preceding Complaint are true and correct, according to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.

Dated: December 9, 2024

Patrick Finn

Patrick FIMN

Partner, Lighthouse Management Group, Inc. Chief Restructuring Officer for the Plaintiffs